

American History I Exam 3 Outlines

Slavery and the Old South, 1800-1860 Outline

The Old South

plantation system
little Industry
illiteracy

- Upper South
- Lower South

King Cotton

Industry in the Old South

Education in the Old South

Urbanization in the Old South

Southern Critique

De Bow's Review Critique

Social Structure in the Old South

Southern Class Structure

Planters 3%

Small slave holders 20%

Non-slaveholding whites 75%

Free blacks 2% of Black population,

Black Codes

Planter Class

Honor

Yeoman Farmer

Hill People

Poor whites

Slaves

Slaves and Slavery

Slave Codes

Slavery Conditions

Living Conditions

Plantation system:
one crop system

1. Gang System

2. Task system-

Question:

Why did non-slave holders support slavery?

Slave Trade

Resistance

Nat Turner

Underground Railroad

Harriet Tubman

Pro-Slavery Perspective:

Conclusion

Manifest Destiny and the West OUTLINE

I. Manifest Destiny

II. The Lure of the West

1. Indians

Mexicans

whites

2. Indians

Pueblos

Great Plains Indians

3. Moving West

- Oregon Trail

4. Oregon Dispute

5. Texas

- Stephen Austin

- Santa Anna
- Rebellion: Alamo in San Antonio
- Davy Crockett

- Goliad
- San Jacinto
- Sam Houston

- Texas & US
- Annexation Opposition

Republic of Texas, 1836-1845

- Lone Star State
- Tejano

III. William Harrison's Presidency

- - Whig
 - anti-Texas annexation

Other Key Whig Party Members

Daniel Webster

Henry Clay

IV. John Tyler's Presidency

1. Bank, Tariff, and tensions within the Whig Party

2. The US and British Relationship under President Tyler

3. Maine Dispute

4. US and Texas

V. Election of 1844 and Polk

1. Oregon Comprise

2. US Mexican War 1846-1848

Rio Grande v. Nueces

Conduct of the War

- Zachary Taylor: Monterrey
- Stephen Kearny: Santa Fe
- Bear Flag Revolution
- General Winfield Scott: Mexico City

3. Wilmot Proviso 1846

4. Treaty of Guadalupe Hildago 1848

Sectionalism, 1846-1861 OUTLINE

I. Events and Crises 1848-1854

1.) Slavery?

Wilmot Proviso

B. Missouri Compromise line

C. Popular Sovereignty

D. Congressional rule

2. Presidential Election of 1848

Whigs

Zachary Taylor

3. Zachary Taylor

4. Sectional Balance, CA, & Runaway Slaves

California

Gold Rush

5. Congressional Meeting in 1850

6. Compromise of 1850

California

popular sovereignty

Fugitive Slave Act

Texas

Fugitive Slave Law

7. Millard Fillmore

8) Harriet Beecher Stowe's *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, 1852

9. 1852 Election & Franklin Pierce

Whigs
Winfield Scott

Free Soil Candidate
John South

Democrats Franklin Pierce

Decline of Whigs

Franklin Pierce
Democrat

10. Expansion of the South/Imperialism

Ostend Manifesto, 1854

11.) Transcontinental Railroad

Gadsden Purchase

12). Kansas-Nebraska Act, 1854

Stephen Douglas

II. Events and Crises Leading up to the Civil War 1854-1861

1.) Bleeding Kansas

John Brown

2.) Sumner & Brooks Affair

3.) Election of 1856

Democrats

James Buchanan

Republican Party

John C. Fremont

Whigs

Know-Nothing group

Millard Fillmore

James Buchanan

Democrat

4.) Dred Scott Case, 1857

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5. Lincoln-Douglas Debate

6.) Harpers Ferry, 1859

7. 1860 Election

A. Northern Democrats- Stephen Douglas

B. Southern Democrats- John Breckinridge

C. Constitutional Union Party– John Bell

Republican Party

Abraham Lincoln-

8. Abraham Lincoln

III. Secession

- South Carolina

Question:

Why does the South fear the Republicans if Lincoln will not abolish slavery in the South?

IV. Establishing the Confederacy, 1861

Jefferson

The Confederate Constitution-

The Civil War, 1861-1865 OUTLINE

I. Causes

Lincoln

- preserve union

II. Firing on Fort Sumter, South Carolina

III. Border States Issue

West Virginia

Advantages and Problems of Each Side

Northern Advantages

Southern Advantages

Southern Problems

Northern Problems

Robert E. Lee

Foreign Affairs and Foreign Intervention

Mexico Affair

War Strategy

Anaconda Plan

Blockade

Armies

Confederate Draft

Union Draft

Confederate finances

VI. The War in 1861

Battle of Bull Run

VII. The Year 1862

Fort Henry and Doneslon Union victory

2nd Battle of Bull Run Confederate victory

Antietam, September 1862

■ General Burnside

Emancipation Proclamation

Blacks in the military

54th Massachusetts
Robert Gould Shaw

Fredericksburg, Confederate victory

- General Hooker

IX. Year 1863

Chancellorsville, Confederate victory

Meade

Gettysburg

X. Years 1864-1865

Grant
Sherman's March

XI. Final Months of War

collapse
Appomattox Court in Virginia, April 1865

War Prisons

Industries

Legacy of the Civil War?